

## Third B.H.M.S. (2015) Examination, Winter - 2020 GYNAECOLOGY & HOMOEOPATHIC THERAPEUTICS - I

Total Duration: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

Instructions: 1)

Use blue/black ball point pen only.

- 2) **Do not** write anything on the **blank portion of the question paper.** If written anything, such type of act will be considered as an attempt to resort to unfair means.
- All questions are compulsory.
- 4) The number to the right indicates full marks.
- Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
- 6) Distribution of syllabus in Question Paper is only meant to cover entire syllabus within the stipulated frame. The Question paper pattern is a mere guideline. Questions can be asked from any paper's syllabus into any question paper. Students cannot claim that the Question is out of syllabus. As it is only for the placement sake, the distribution has been done.
- 7) Use Common answerbook for all Section.
- 1. Write short answer (any ten out of fifteen):

 $[10 \times 2 = 20]$ 

- a) Define Precocious Puberty.
- b) · Define Menotaxis and Metrotaxis.
- c) Progesterone.
- d) Dermoid cyst.
- e) \* Causes of Leucorrhoea.
- f) Define PID and causes.
- g) Necrozoospermia and Oligozoospermia.
- h) Barrier Contraceptives.
- i) · Give indication's of Hysterosalpingography.
- j) 'Four remedies for Dyspareunia.
- k) Murex for Vaginismus.
- l) Silicea for Tumour's of Uterus.
- m) Carbo Animalis for genital fistula.
- n), Four remedies for Leucorrhoea.
- o) Pyrogen in Pelvic Abscess.

2. Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$ 

- a) Menstrual cycle.
- b) · Adenomyosis.
- c) , Cervical erosion.
- d) Genital Tuberculosis.
- e) Natural Family Planning method's.
- f) Hysteroscopy.
- 3. Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4\times 5=20]$ 

- a) Define Polymenorrhoea and write two remedies for it with indications.
- b) Define Menopausal Syndrome and write two remedies for it with indications.
- c) Define DUB and write two remedies for it with indications.
- d) Define Polyp and explain Thuja and Hydrocotyle for it.
- e) . Define Pruritus Vulvae and give indication's of Graphites and Caladium for it.
- f) Define senile vaginitis and give indication's of four remedies for it.
- 4. Long answer question (any two out of four):

 $[2 \times 10 = 20]$ 

- a) Define Dysmenorrhoea its types, clinical Presentation, Diagnosis and Homoeopathic management for it.
- b) Define Endometriosis, it's common sites, Pathogenesis, clinical features and role of Graphites and Lachesis for it.
- c) Define Genital tract injuries, it's aetiology, clinical features with indications of two homoeopathic remedies for it.
- d) Define Prolapse, its aetiology, clinical types and role of Murex, Lilium tig, Podophyllum and Sepia for it.

## Long answer question (any one from Q.No. 5, 6 and 7)

- 5. Define Amenorrhoea it's types aetiology, investigations and role of Agnus castus, Lycopodium, Pulsatilla and Sepia for it.  $[1 \times 20 = 20]$
- 6. Discuss Intrauterine Contraceptive device with types, mode of action, contraindications, Advantages, Disadvantages and Complications.

$$[1 \times 20 = 20]$$

7. Define Fibroid its causes, clinical features and role of Graphites, sabina, kreosotum, phosphorus and Silicea for it.  $[1 \times 20 = 20]$ 



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## Third B.H.M.S. (2015) Examination, Winter - 2020 OBSTETRICS, INFANT CARE AND HOMOEOPATHIC THERAPEUTICS - II

Total Duration: 3 Hours Total Marks: 100

Instructions: 1)

- Use blue/black ball point pen only.
- 2) **Do not** write anything on the **blank portion of the question paper**. If written anything, such type of act will be considered as an attempt to resort to unfair means.
- 3) All questions are compulsory.
- 4) The number to the **right** indicates **full** marks.
- 5) Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
- 6) Distribution of syllabus in Question Paper is only meant to cover entire syllabus within the stipulated frame. The Question paper pattern is a mere guideline. Questions can be asked from any paper's syllabus into any question paper. Students cannot claim that the Question is out of syllabus. As it is only for the placement sake, the distribution has been done.
- 1. Write short answer (any ten out of fifteen):

 $[10 \times 2 = 20]$ 

- a) Goodell's sign.
- b) 'Velamentous placenta.
- c) · Parity.
- d) Polyhydramnios.
- e) Retained Placenta.
- f) Episiotomy.
- g) · Hegar's sign.
- h) Oxytocin.
- i) Cord prolapse.
- j) . Name two post operative Homeopathic remedies.
- k) Two Homeopathic remedies for abnormalities of puerperium.
- 1) Name two Homeopathic remedies for neonatal jaundice.
- m) Indication of Lachesis in APH.
- n) Indication of Sabina in subinvolution of uterus.
- o) Indication of Sepia in Abortion.

2. Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$ 

- a) Episiotomy.
- b) Normal newborn physical features.
- c) Missed abortion.
- d) Anencephaly.
- e) Functions of Placenta.
- f) Retained placenta.

3. Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4 \times 5 = 2.0]$ 

- a) 'Indications of Phosphorus and Ipecac in Hyperemesis Gravidarum.
- b) Indications of Kali carb and Cal phos in Backache during pregnancy.
- c) Indications of Bryonia and Phytolaca in Mastitis.
- d) & Any two Homeopathic drugs for PPH.
- e) Indication of chelidonium and lycopodium in newborn jaundice.
- f) Any two Homeopathic drugs for Oligohydramnios.

4. Long answer question (any two out of four):

 $[2 \times 10 = 20]$ 

- a) Write complications of Anaemia during pregnancy with indications of three homoeopathic remedies.
- b) Definition, etiology, clinical features of Hydatidiform mole with indications of three homoeopathic remedies.
- c) Define Perineal tear and indications of four homeopathic drugs for perineal tear.
- d) Define Opthalmia neonatorum with indications of four homoeopathic remedies.

## Long answer question (any one from Q. No. 5, 6 and 7)

- 5. Describe actiology, types, clinical features, complications and management of Preeclampsia along with four Homeopathic drugs.  $[1 \times 20 = 20]$
- 6. Define Dystocia alongwith aetiology, clinical features, complications and management of Dystocia with four homeopathic drugs for the same.

 $[1 \times 20 = 20]$ 

7. Define Asphyxia Neonatorum. Describe aetiolgy, clinical features and management along with four Homeopathic drugs for the same.  $[1 \times 20 = 20]$ 

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