### Third BHMS (2015) Examination, Winter (Phase - III All Other remaining UG/PG Course) - 2019 GYNAECOLOGY & HOMOEOPATHIC THERAPEUTICS - I

Total Duration: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

Instructions: 1)

- Use blue/black ball point pen only.
- 2) **Do not** write anything on the **blank portion of the question paper**. If written anything, such type of act will be considered as an attempt to resort to unfair means.
- 3) All questions are compulsory.
- 4) The number to the **right** indicates **full** marks.
- 5) Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
- 6) Distribution of syllabus in Question Paper is only meant to cover entire syllabus within the stipulated frame. The Question paper pattern is a mere guideline. Questions can be asked from any paper's syllabus into any question paper. Students cannot claim that the Question is out of syllabus. As it is only for the placement sake, the distribution has been done.
- 1. Write short answer (any ten out of fifteen):

 $[10 \times 2 = 20]$ 

- a) Enumerate 2 remedies for amenorrhoea from getting feet wet.
- b) Write names of 2 remedies for hot flushes.
- c) Enumerate all the hormones secreted by ovaries.
- d) Define menorrhagia and name two homeopathic remedies for bright red bleeding in menorrhagia.
- e) Define membranous dysmenorrhea and name two homoeopathic remedies for the same.
- f) Define asthenospermia and necrospermia.
- g) Enumerate 4 functions of estrogen.
- h) Indications of emergency contraceptive pills.
- i) Name 2 homeopathic remedies for cervical cancer.
- j) Enumerate 4 congenital malformations of the uterus.
- k) Define polymenorrhoea and name two homeopathic remedies for dark red menses.
- l) Write a note on Sheehan's syndrome.
- m) Define metropathica haemorrhagica.
- n) 4 indications of theurapeutic D and C.
- o) Enumerate tests for ovulation.

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$ 

- a) Cryptomenorrhea
- b) Hormone Replacement Therapy
- c) Precaucious puberity.
- d) Acute salphingitis.
- e) Intrauterine contraceptive device.
- f) Pre-menstrual syndrome.

3. Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$ 

- a) Monilasis with indications of 2 remedies.
- b) Adenomyosis
- c) Sulphur in PID.
- d) Hepar sulph in pelvic abscess.
- e) Lycopodium in ovarian cyst.
- f) Ustilago in menstrual disorders.

4. Long answer question (any two out of four):

 $[2\times10=20]$ 

- a) Define endometriosis, write sign and symptoms and complications. Add management with Phosphorus and Bryonia.
- b) Define menorrhagia, write its causes and indications of Sabina, Trillium pendulum and Erigeron for the same
- Classify Prolapse of uterus, write its sign and symptoms and General management and Indications of Causticum and Podophyllum in uterine prolapse
- d) Define cervical erosion, write its types, signs and symptoms and management with indications of Nitric acid and Mercury for the same.

Long answer question (any one from Q. No. 5, 6 and 7)

- 5. Define contraception, classify various methods of contraceptions and write in detail about barrier method of contraception.  $[1 \times 20 = 20]$
- 6. Define PCOS. Write its s/s, investigations, complications and management with the indications of Thuja and Grafitis in it.  $[1 \times 20 = 20]$
- 7. Define infertility and write in detail about the causes and investigations in case of female infertility. Also write the indications of Sepia and Platina in case of female infertility.  $[1 \times 20 = 20]$



04312B

# Third BHMS (2015) Examination, Winter (Phase - III All Other remaining UG/PG Course) - 2019 OBSTETRICS, INFANT CARE AND HOMOEOPATHIC THERAPEUTICS - II

Total Duration: 3 Hours Total Marks: 100

Instructions:

- Use blue/black ball point pen only.
- 2) **Do not** write anything on the **blank portion of the question paper**. If written anything, such type of act will be considered as an attempt to resort to unfair means.
- All questions are compulsory.
- 4) The number to the **right** indicates **full** marks.
- 5) Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
- 6) Distribution of syllabus in Question Paper is only meant to cover entire syllabus within the stipulated frame. The Question paper pattern is a mere guideline. Questions can be asked from any paper's syllabus into any question paper. Students cannot claim that the Question is out of syllabus. As it is only for the placement sake, the distribution has been done.
- 1. Write short answer (any ten out of fifteen):

 $[10 \times 2 = 20]$ 

- a) Define Low birth weight baby.
- b) Give two functions of placenta.
- c) Define abortions and name any two types.
- d) What is puerperium and its duration?
- e) What is Show?
- f) Two advantages of breast feeding.
- g) Osiander's sign.
- h) Bandl's ring.
- i) Colostrum.
- j) Secale cor in Retained placenta.
- k) Two indications of ferrum met for anaemia in pregnancy.
- l) Four homoeopathic drugs for abortion.
- m) Two homoeopathic drugs for Agalactia.
- n) Name four homoeopathic drugs for puerpural pyrexia.
- o) Two indications of Cicuta virosa in Eclampsia.

P.T.O.

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$ 

- a) Diagnosis of Twin pregnancy.
- b) Subinvolution.
- c) Physiological changes during 1st trimester.
- d) Medical termination of pregnancy.
- e) Immunization schedule for newborn.
- f) Perineal tear.

3. Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$ 

- a) Indications of Kali carb and Cal phos in Backache during pregnancy.
- b) Indications of Hamamelis and Carbovg in Varicosities of veins during pregnancy.
- c) Indications of Apis mel and Zincum met in Hydrocephalus.
- d) Two homoeopathic remedies for Cracked nipple.
- e) Two homoeopathic drugs for prolong labour.
- f) Two homoeopathic drugs for APH.

4. Long answer question (any two out of four):

 $[2\times10=20]$ 

- a) Describe Mechanism of normal labour with indications of three homoeopathic remedies for Dystocia.
- b) Describe aetiology, clinical features of Hydatidiform mole with indications of four homoeopathic drugs.
- c) Write indications of Caesarian section and three homoeopathic remedies for same.
- d) What are the causes of P.P.H and write down three homoeopathic remedies for same.

Long answer question (any one from Q. No. 5, 6 and 7)

5. Describe aims and objectives of Antenatal care and indications of four homoeopathic remedies for common ailments during pregnancy.

 $[1\times20=20]$ 

- 6. Defination, causes, clinical features of Hyperemesis Gravidarum and indications of four homoeopathic remedies.  $[1 \times 20 = 20]$
- 7. Describe aetiology, clinical features of Opthalmia neonatorum with indications of four homoeopathic drugs.  $[1 \times 20 = 20]$



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04702A

#### Third BHMS (New) Examination, Winter (Phase - III All Other remaining UG/PG Course) - 2019 OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY - I

Total Duration: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

Instructions: 1)

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- 2) **Do not** write anything on the **blank portion of the question paper**. If written anything, such type of act will be considered as an attempt to resort to unfair means.
- 3) All questions are compulsory.
- 4) The number to the right indicates full marks.
- 5) Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
- 6) Distribution of syllabus in Question Paper is only meant to cover entire syllabus within the stipulated frame. The Question paper pattern is a mere guideline. Questions can be asked from any paper's syllabus into any question paper. Students cannot claim that the Question is out of syllabus. As it is only for the placement sake, the distribution has been done.
- 1. Write short answer (any ten out of fifteen):

 $[10 \times 2 = 20]$ 

- a) Gametogenesis-def.
- b) Enlist Placental hormones.
- c) Uterine shouffle.
- d) Malposition.
- e) False Pelvis.
- f) Amniocentensis-def.
- g) Duration of labour.
- h) Battledore Placenta.
- i) Retained placenta-def.
- j) Hydrocephalus-Def.
- k) Ectopic pregnancy-def.
- l) Preterm labour-def.
- m) Normal labour-def.
- n) Obstetrics-def.
- o) Polyhydramnios-Def.

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 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$ 

- a) Amnioinfusion.
- b) Copper T.
- c) Precipitate labour.
- d) Bandl's Ring.
- e) Apgar score.
- f) Causes of Abortion.
- 3. Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$ 

- a) Missed abortion.
- b) Opthalmia neonatorum.
- c) Types of placenta praevia.
- d) Abnormalities of umbilical cord.
- e) Oral contraceptives.
- f) Eclampsia.
- 4. Long answer question (any two out of four):

 $[2\times10=20]$ 

- a) Describe Hydatidiform mole with def, c/f, complications, diagnosis and management.
- b) Describe IUD with def, causes, c/f, complications, diagnosis and management.
- c) Episiotomy.
- d) Jaundice in new born.

Long answer question (any one from Q. No. 5, 6 and 7)

- 5. Define forcep delivery with indications, complications and explain the procedure for Low forcep delivery.  $[1 \times 20 = 20]$
- 6. Define breech presentation with mechanism, complications and management.  $[1 \times 20 = 20]$
- 7. Define Pregnancy Induced Hypertension with causes, clinical features, investigations and management.  $[1 \times 20 = 20]$



[Total No. of Pages : 2

04702B

# Third BHMS (New) Examination, Winter (Phase - III All Other remaining UG/PG Course) - 2019 OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY - II

Total Duration: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

Instructions: 1)

1) Use blue/black ball point pen only.

- 2) **Do not** write anything on the **blank portion of the question paper**. If written anything, such type of act will be considered as an attempt to resort to unfair means.
- All questions are compulsory.
- 4) The number to the right indicates full marks.
- 5) Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
- 6) Distribution of syllabus in Question Paper is only meant to cover entire syllabus within the stipulated frame. The Question paper pattern is a mere guideline. Questions can be asked from any paper's syllabus into any question paper. Students cannot claim that the Question is out of syllabus. As it is only for the placement sake, the distribution has been done.
- 1. Write short answer (any ten out of fifteen):

 $[10\times2=20]$ 

- a) Supports of Uterus.
- b) Endometriosis.
- c) Parts of Vulva.
- d) Parity Definition.
- e) Adrenarche Definition.
- f) Vaginitis Definition.
- g) 2 Functions of progesterone.
- h) Menarche Definition.
- i) Sterility Definition.
- j) HSG -2 Indications.
- k) Gestational period -Definition.
- l) Urine pregnancy test.
- m) Coitus interrupts.
- n) Tubectomy Definition.
- o) Temporary methods of Contraception.

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$ 

- a) Tanners Staging.
- b) Define Amenorrhoea and its types.
- c) Enumerate the female internal genital organs and explain in short.
- d) Explain IUD.
- e) Natural methods of contraception.
- f) Cone biopsy.

3. Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$ 

- a) Cervical Erosion.
- b) Lichen Sclerosis.
- c) Stages of Ca Cervix.
- d) Scheme of possible causes of Ovulation.
- e) What is retroversion of Uterus?
- f) Explain DUB.

4. Long answer question (any two out of four):

 $[2\times10=20]$ 

- a) Define dysmenorrhoea, its types, clinical features and management.
- b) Explain Ca Cervix with classification, stages, clinical features, diagnosis and management.
- c) Define IUCD and explain its mechanism and give its advantages and disadvantages.
- d) Define Vesico-vaginal fistula and Rectovaginal fistula in details.

Long answer question (any one from Q. No. 5, 6 and 7)

- 5. Define Polycystic ovarian syndrome. Write its clinical features, complications and management in detail.  $[1 \times 20 = 20]$
- 6. Define and Describe Contraception in details write about its Types. Write down its classification, Complications and in detail.  $[1 \times 20 = 20]$
- 7. Define fibroid uterus. Write its classification, clinical features, investigations and management.  $[1 \times 20 = 20]$



[Total No. of Pages: 3

04702C

# Third BHMS (New) Examination, Winter (Phase - III All Other remaining UG/PG Course) - 2019 OBSTETRICS AND GYNAECOLOGY - III

Total Duration: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

Instructions: 1)

- 1) Use blue/black ball point pen only.
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- 3) All questions are compulsory.
- 4) The number to the **right** indicates **full** marks.
- 5) Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
- 6) Distribution of syllabus in Question Paper is only meant to cover entire syllabus within the stipulated frame. The Question paper pattern is a mere guideline. Questions can be asked from any paper's syllabus into any question paper. Students cannot claim that the Question is out of syllabus. As it is only for the placement sake, the distribution has been done.
- 1. Write short answer (any ten out of fifteen):

 $[10 \times 2 = 20]$ 

- a) Argentum Nitricum for Opthalmia Neonatorum.
- b) Four remedies for convulsions in new born
- c) Hydrastis for Vaginitis.
- d) Four remedies in Retained Placenta.
- e) Four remedies for nausea vomiting at the smell and sight of food in hyperemesis gravidarum.
- f) Erigeron for Placenta Praevia.
- g) Bryonia for Mastitis.
- h) Enumerate 2 remedies for adherent placenta.
- i) Iodium for leucorrhoea.
- i) Alumina for Pica during Pregnancy.
- k) Borax for Leucorrhoea.
- l) Phytolacca for Galactorrhoea.
- m) Four remedies for false labour Pain.
- n) Gelsemium for atonic uterus.
- o) Thuja for chocolate cyst of Ovary.



 $[4\times 5=20]$ 

- a) Role of Belladonna and Apis Mellifica in Toxaemia of Pregnancy.
- b) Indications of Sepia and Murex for prolapse of uterus.
- c) Role of Sulphur and Caladium in Pruritus Vulvae.
- d) Role of Lachesis and Graphites in Climaxis.
- e) Role of Natrum sulph and Arnica in head injury in Neonates.
- f) Role of Silicea and Cantharis in Hydatidiform mole.
- 3. Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4\times 5=20]$ 

- a) Role of Rhus tox and Apis mellifica for Pelvic Abscess.
- b) Role of Baptisia and Pyrogen in Puerperal fever.
- c) Indications of two remedies for Senile Vaginitis.
- d) Role of Arsenicum Album and Conium for Cervical erosion.
- e) Role of Nitric Acid and Hamamelis in PPH.
- f) Role of Cicuta and Helleborus Niger in convulsions in newborn infant.
- 4. Long answer question (any two out of four):

 $[2\times10=20]$ 

- a) Define Episiotomy, what are its indications and types and give indications of 2 remedies for Perineal tear.
- b) Indications of 2 remedies for Jaundice in new born.
- c) Define Fibromyoma of uterus and give indications of Medorrhinum and Sabina for the same.
- d) Define normal labour and write indications of Gelsemium and Caulophyllum for false labour Pains.

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#### Long answer question (any one from Q. No. 5, 6 and 7)

5. Define Uterine Prolapse and give detail knowledge of following drugs in it

 $[1\times20=20]$ 

- a) Aurum met.
- b) Collinsonia.
- c) Lilium tig.
- d) Podophyllum.
- 6. Define Infertility and give detail working knowledge of following drugs in it

 $[1\times20=20]$ 

- a) Nat Carb
- b) Borax
- c) Thuja
- d) Platina.
- 7. Define Asphyxia Neonatorum and give detail working knowledge of following drugs  $[1 \times 20 = 20]$ 
  - a) Antim tart.
  - b) Carbo Veg.
  - c) Arnica.
  - d) Laurocerasus.

