

# Third BHMS (2015) Examination, Winter (Phase - III All Other remaining UG/PG Course) - 2019 GENERAL SURGERY AND HOMOEOPATHIC THERAPEUTICS - I

Total Duration: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

Instructions: 1)

- 1) Use blue/black ball point pen only.
- 2) **Do not** write anything on the **blank portion of the question paper**. If written anything, such type of act will be considered as an attempt to resort to unfair means.
- 3) All questions are compulsory.
- 4) The number to the right indicates full marks.
- 5) Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
- 6) Distribution of syllabus in Question Paper is only meant to cover entire syllabus within the stipulated frame. The Question paper pattern is a mere guideline. Questions can be asked from any paper's syllabus into any question paper. Students cannot claim that the Question is out of syllabus. As it is only for the placement sake, the distribution has been done.
- 1. Write short answer (any ten out of fifteen):

- a) Define Rodent ulcer.
- b) Define Erysipelas.
- c) Define Lipoma.
- d) What is Hydatid cyst.
- e) Define Fissure in ano.
- f) Define Mastitis.
- g) What is Prostatism.
- h) Define Phimosis.
- i) Give indications of Hepar sulph. in cyst.
- j) Give indications of Belladonna in abscess.
- k) Give indications of Natrum sulph. in head injury.
- 1) Indication of Secal Cor. in Gangrene.
- m) Give indications of Merc. Sol. in Oral affections.
- n) Give indications of one homoeopathic medicine for congenital hypertrophic pyloric stenosis.
- o) Give indication of Baptisia for typhoid intestine.

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$ 

- a) Differentiate Keloid and hypertrophic scar.
- b) Describe Burger disease.
- c) Describe Bedsores with its aetiology, clinical features and management.
- d) Define Hydrocele with its classification.
- e) Define Cystitis and write its aetiology, clinical features and management.
- f) Congenital Heart Disease.
- 3. Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$ 

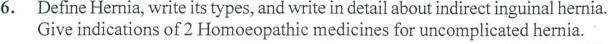
- a) Give indications of 2 Homoeopathic medicines for varicose veins.
- b) Give indications of 2 Homoeopathic medicines for benign tumors.
- c) Give indications of 2 Homoeopathic medicines for Ulcer.
- d) Give indications of 2 Homoeopathic medicines for fistula in ano.
- e) Give indications of 2 Homoeopathic medicines for Gastritis.
- f) Give indications of 2 Homoeopathic medicines for liver affection.
- 4. Long answer question (any two out of four):

 $[2 \times 10 = 20]$ 

- a) Describe mammary gland tumours in detail and give Give indications of 2 Homoeopathic medicines for the same.
- b) Define wound. Write factors affecting wound healing and add Give indications of 2 Homoeopathic medicines for delayed wound healing.
- c) Define cholelithiasis, write its causes, clinical features, diagnosis and management of the same with indications of 2 Homoeopathic medicines for it.
- d) Write Differential Diagnosis of Acute appendicitis and give Give indications of 2 Homoeopathic medicines for acute abdomen.

Long answer question (any one from Q. No. 5, 6 and 7)

5. Define shock, write its types, clinical features and propose a note on its management with indications of one Homoeopathic medicines for each type of shock.  $[1 \times 20 = 20]$ 



 $[1 \times 20 = 20]$ 

7. Define renal calculus, aeatiology, types, clinical features, complication of it and write scope and limitations of homoeopathy in the management of renal calculus.  $[1 \times 20 = 20]$ 



[Total No. of Pages: 2

04311B

# Third BHMS (2015) Examination, Winter (Phase - III All Other remaining UG/PG Course) - 2019 SURGERY - II (ENT OPHTHALMOLOGY, ORTHOPAEDICS DENTISTRY AND HOMOEOPATHIC THERAPEUTICS)

Total Duration: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

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- 1. Write short answer (any ten out of fifteen):

- a) Name paranasal Sinuses
- b) Types of Tympanic membrane perforation
- c) Tennis Elbow
- d) Housemaids Knee
- e) Leucoma
- f) Trachoma
- g) Dental floss
- h) Dental formula in children.
- i) Indication of Merc. Sol. in Gingivitis
- j) Indication of one homoeopathic drug for Otitis Externa
- k) Indication of 1 homoeopathic drug for Arthritis
- 1) Indication of a Homoeopathic medicine for calcaneal spur
- m) Indication of Pulsatilla in eye complaints.
- n) Indications of Euprasia in eye complaints.
- o) Indication of Coffea cruda in toothache.

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$ 

- a) Differential diagnosis of Otalgia
- b) Differential diagnosis of coryza.
- c) Difference between sarcoma and carcinoma
- d) Ganglion
- e) Squint
- f) Eye donation
- 3. Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$ 

- a) Indications of 2 Homoeopathic drugs for hoarseness of voice.
- b) Indications of 2 Homoeopathic drugs for snuffles.
- c) Indications of 2 Homoeopathic drugs for sprain.
- d) Indications of 2 Homoeopathic drugs for osteoarthrosis.
- e) Indications of 2 Homoeopathic drugs for Over straining of eyes.
- f) Indications of 2 Homoeopathic drugs for wisdom tooth ailments.
- 4. Long answer question (any two out of four):

 $[2\times10=20]$ 

- a) Describe in detail about Acute sinusitis and write indications of 2 Homoeopathic drugs for the same.
- b) What is Chronic suppurative Otitis media, with its types, aetio-pathology, clinical features and add a note on Homoeopathic approach to case of chronic otorrhoea.
- c) Write in detail about Pre-operative and Post-operative Homoeopathic management in case of fracture with consideration of various types of fracture.
- d) What is Glaucoma give classification, clinical feature, management of it and 2 Homoeopathic drugs for glaucoma.

Long answer question (any one from Q. No. 5, 6 and 7)

- 5. Define deafness, write in detail about different hearing test and add a note on one homoeopathic medicine for each type of deafness.  $[1 \times 20 = 20]$
- 6. Define fracture and classification of fracture write a not on importance of Reduction and Physiotherapy in case of fracture. Add a note on suitable 2 Homoeopathic medicines for fracture.  $[1 \times 20 = 20]$
- 7. Write in detail about definition, clinical features, classification and management of cataract. Add a note on utility of laser in cataract surgery and give indication of Natrum mur and Phosphorus in cataract.  $[1 \times 20 = 20]$





[Total No. of Pages :3

04701A

### Third BHMS (New) Examination, Winter (Phase - III All Other remaining UG/PG Course) - 2019 SURGERY AND HOMOEOPATHIC THERAPEUTICS - I

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Total Marks: 100

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- 1. Write short answer (any ten out of fifteen):

- a) Define 'cyst' write 2 types of cyst
- b) Define Cleft lip and Cleft palate
- c) Hypertrophic scar
- d) Decubitus ulcers
- e) Define Injury and types of Injuries
- f) Cellulitis
- g) Define Abscess
- h) Write 2 signs for delayed wound healing
- i) Elephantiasis
- j) Erysipelas
- k) Define Glucoma
- l) Write 2 functions of TEARS
- m) Define "Colourblindness"
- n) Define "EPIPHORA"
- o) Presbyopia

 $[4\times5=20]$ 

- a) Lymphangities
- b) Burgers disease
- c) Cold abscess
- d) Lipoma
- e) Corneal ulcers
- f) Define Myopia state its type and corrections

3. Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4 \times .5 = 20]$ 

- a) Differentiate Benign and Malignant Tumours.
- b) Indications for Blood Transfusions in surgical practises.
- c) Filariasis
- d) Sebaceous cyst
- e) Acute Dacrocystitis
- f) Allergic conjunctivities

4. Long answer question (any two out of four):

 $[2\times10=20]$ 

- a) Define "TETANUS" Write Aetiologgy; clinical features; manangement for TETANUS.
- b) Define HAEMORRHAGE classify Haemorrhage; write complications and management.
- Define "VARICOSE VEINS" Describe atiology; symptoms; signs and manangement of varicose veins.
- d) Define Shock. Write Etiology, clinical features and management of hypovolumic shock.

#### Long answer question (any one from Q. No. 5, 6 and 7)

5. Discuss burns as follows:

 $[1\times20=20]$ 

- a) Definition and Etiology
- b) Signs and symptoms
- c) Investigations
- d) Treatment
- 6. Describe "GANGRENE" as follows:

 $[1\times20=20]$ 

- a) Definations and Aetiology
- b) Types
- c) Signs and symptoms
- d) Treatment
- 7. Describe "CATARACT under following heads.

 $[1\times20=20]$ 

- a) Aetiology
- b) Classifications
- c) Signs and symptoms
- d) Treatment



[Total No. of Pages: 2

04701B

### Third BHMS (New) Examination, Winter (Phase - III All Other remaining UG/PG Course) - 2019 SURGERY AND HOMOEOPATHIC THERAPEUTICS - II

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Total Marks: 100

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- 1. Write short answer (any ten out of fifteen):

- a) Define Curling ulcer
- b) Define Haematemesis
- c) Define Anuria
- d) Define Hydrocele
- e) Define Flail chest
- f) Define cervical rib
- g) Define dental ulcer
- h) Write dental formula
- i) Define Mallet finger
- j) Define Smith's fracture
- k) Define March fracture
- l) Define Singer's nodes
- m) Little's area
- n) Define wax
- o) Define Vincent's angina

04701B

2. Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$ 

- a) Hydronephrosis
- b) Indication of splenectomy
- c) Mastalgia
- d) Dental caries
- e) Greenstick fracture
- f) Indication of Tracheostomy

3. Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4\times5=20]$ 

- a) Varicocele
- b) Simple Goitre
- c) Impacted wisdom tooth
- d) Pathological fracture
- e) Meniere's disease
- f) Stridor

4. Long answer question (any two out of four):

 $[2\times10=20]$ 

- a) Discuss in detail about Haemorrhoides with aetiology, clinical feature, complication and management.
- b) Discuss in detail about Cold abscess in the neck with aetiology, pathology, clinical feature, investigation and management.
- c) Define fracture. Discuss in detail about Healing of fracture.
- d) Discuss in detail about Nasal polpys with it's types, aetiology, clinical features, investigation and management.

Long answer question (any one from Q. No. 5, 6 and 7)

- 5. Discuss in detail about Intestinal Obstruction with it's aetiology, pathology, clinical features, special investigation and management.  $[1 \times 20 = 20]$
- 6. Discuss in detail about Osteoarthritis with it's aetiology, pathology, clinical feature, investigation and management.  $[1 \times 20 = 20]$
- 7. Discuss in detail about Epistaxis with it's causes, clinical features, investigation and management.  $[1 \times 20 = 20]$



# Third BHMS (New) Examination, Winter (Phase - III All Other remaining UG/PG Course) - 2019 SURGERY AND HOMOEOPATHIC THERAPEUTICS - III

Total Duration: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

Instructions: 1)

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- 1. Write short answer (any ten out of fifteen):

 $[10 \times 2 = 20]$ 

- a) Nitric Acid in Fissure in Ano.
- b) Berberis in Ureteric caculi.
- c) Camphor in Shock.
- d) Cantharis in Burns.
- e) Calc carb in cervical lymphadenitis.
- f) Belladonna in Mastitis.
- g) Staphysiagria in Toothache.
- h) Merc-sol in Stomatitis.
- i) Silicea in ostomyelitis.
- j) Bryonia alba in Frozen shoulder.
- k) Kalimur in Conjunctivitis.
- l) Pulsatilla in Chronic otitis media.
- m) Lac can in Tonsillitis.
- n) Allium cepa in Allergic Rhinitis.
- o) Phosporus in epistaxis.

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 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$ 

- a) Classify Gall stones and indications of chelidonium in gall stones.
- b) Define shock and give indications of veratrum alb in shock.
- c) Define Lipoma and give indications of Thuja in Lipoma.
- d) Indications of Kreosote in Toothache.
- e) symphytum in fractures.
- f) Sabadilla in Nasal polyp.
- 3. Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$ 

- a) Indications of Carbo-veg in Haemorrhages.
- b) Spongia Toasta in Goitre.
- c) Indications of Arnica in toothache after tooth extraction.
- d) Calc flour in Calcaneum Spur.
- e) Calc lod in Adenoids.
- f) Causticum in laryngitis.
- 4. Long answer question (any two out of four):

 $[2\times10=20]$ 

- a) Describe clinical features of appendicitis and discuss the role of Iris Versicolor and Arsenic album in Appendicitis.
- b) Enumerate causes for gingival bleeding and describe role of Kreosote and Merc-sol in Gingival bleeding.
- c) Classify glaucoma and give indications of Phosphorus and Cedron in Glaucoma.
- d) Discuss Clinical features of Bell's Palsy and give indications of Cadmium sulph and Agaricus in Bell's Palsy.

Long answer question (any one from Q. No. 5, 6 and 7)

- 5. Define Ulcer. enumerate different edges of an ulcer and give indications of Flouric acid, nitric acid and carboveg in ulcer.  $[1 \times 20 = 20]$
- 6. Describe factors affecting wound healing and give indications of Calendula, arnica and silicea in wounds.  $[1 \times 20 = 20]$
- 7. Define sinusitis. Describe difference between Frontal and maxillary sinusitis and give indications of Kali-bich and pulsatilla in Sinusitis.  $[1 \times 20 = 20]$

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