

04803A

Fourth B.H.M.S. (New) Examination, Summer 2016 ORGANON OF MEDICINE-I

Total Duration: Section A/B = 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

SECTION - A/B

- Instructions: 1) All questions are compulsory.
 - 2) All questions carry equal marks.
 - 3) The number to the right indicates full marks.
 - 4) Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
 - 5) Do not write anything on the blank portion of the question paper. If written anything, such type of act will be considered as an attempt to resort to unfair means.
 - 6) Distribution of syllabus in Question Paper is only meant to cover entire syllabus within the stipulated frame. The Question paper pattern is a mere guideline. Questions can be asked from Paper - I syllabus to Paper - II and vice versa. Students cannot claim that the Question is out of syllabus. As it is only for the placement sake, the distribution has been done.

SAQ (60 Marks)

1. Write appropriate answers (any ten out of fifteen):

(10x2=20)

- a) Give 4 contributions of Chinese medicine.
- b) Mention the code of Hammurabi.
- (c) Give 2 indications for Low Potency.
- d) Give two examples of Eliminating symptoms.
- e) Principles of Siddha System of Medicine.
- State Kent's First and Tenth observations.
- g) Define Suppression.
- Define Concomitant symptoms and give 2 examples.
 - i) Contributions of Father Muller for homoeopathy in India.

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- Scope of Antipathic system of Medicine.
- W Define Totality of Symptoms.
- I) Exteriorization as a Remedy Reaction.
- m Mention 2 cardinal features of High Susceptibility.
 - n) Two important contributions by Paracelsus.
 - o) Mention names of 2 important pioneers in Homoeopathy from USA.
- 2. Write short answer (any four out of six):

(4x5=20)

- a) Spread of Homoeopathy in United Kingdom.
- b) Charaka and his contributions to the medical world.
- Keynote approach to formation of Totality of Symptoms.
- d) Define Health and mention the determinants of Health.
- (e) Concept of Disease in Homoeopathy.
 - f) Concept of Remedy in Homoeopathy.
- 3. Write short answer (any four out of six):

(4x5=20)

- a) Differentiate between Cure and Recovery.
- b) Limitations of Homoeopathy.
- Prophylaxis in Homoeopathy.
- d) Palliation in Incurable cases.
- e) Keynote Symptoms.
- f) Killer's aggravation.

LAQ (40 Marks)

4. Long answer questions (any two out of four):

(2x10=20)

- a) Explain with suitable examples the different dimensions of Health.
- b) Define Susceptibility. Explain the assessment of susceptibility in a given case with suitable examples.
- c) Explain the relationship of Immunity with Susceptibility with suitable examples.
- d) Explain Dr. Kent's method of forming Totality of Symptoms with suitable examples. Also mention about its advantages and disadvantages.



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	Lo	ong answer questions (any one from Q. No. 5, 6 and 7). (1x2)	0=20)
	5.	Long answer question :	
		a) Discuss the Principles of Ayurvedic System of Medicine.	(5)
		b) Explain various methods of treatment in Ayurvedic System of Medicine.	(5)
		c) Enumerate the contributions of Susruta.	(5)
		d) Compare and Contrast Homoeopathic and Ayurvedic Systems of Medicine.	(5)
	6.	Long answer question :	
		a) Define Symptomatology. Enumerate the various types of symptoms.	(5)
		b) Define Originale Unmodified Picture. Mention its importance in Homoeopathic practice.	(5)
		c) Classify Mental Symptoms with suitable examples.	(5)
		d) Give the utility of Analysis-Evaluation in Homoeopathic practice.	(5)
	7.	Long answer question.	
		a) Define Posology. Mention the different criteria for selection of potency in a case.	(5)
		b) Explain the criteria with suitable examples for repetition of a dose.	(5)
		c) Mention the indications for Low Potency with suitable examples.	(5)
		d) Mention the various scales of Potency used in homoeopathy with its indications.	(5)



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Fourth B.H.M.S. (New) Examination, Summer 2016 ORGANON OF MEDICINE – II

Total Duration: Section A+B = 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

SECTION - A/B

Instructions:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) All questions carry equal marks.
- 3) The number to the **right** indicates **full** marks.
- 4) Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
- 5) **Do not** write anything on the **blank portion of the question paper**. If written anything, such type of act will be considered as an attempt to resort to unfair means.
- 6) Distribution of syllabus in Question Paper is only meant to coverentire syllabus within the stipulated frame. The Question paper pattern is a mere guideline. Questions can be asked from Paper I syllabus to Paper II and vice versa. Students cannot claim that the Question is out of syllabus. As it is only for the placement sake, the distribution has been done.

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SAQ

(60 Marks)

1. Write appropriate answers (any ten out of fifteen);

(10×2=20)

- (a) Define Susceptibility.
- by What is trinity of life?
- c) Define common and uncommon symptoms.
- d) What is the meaning of Substantialism?
- et Define suppression.
- What is Cognate Remedy?
- g) Define unprejudiced observer.
- h) What is deflected current?
- JY Write two examples of Maintaining Causes.
- j) What is unity of medicine?
- Define Basic and Determinative Symptoms.
- Mention two mental Symptoms of Sycosis.
- (m) Define Disease.
- Define Palliation.
- Define Idiosyncrasy.
- 2. Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $(4 \times 5 = 20)$

- a) Explain according to Dr. Kent what the Physician must perceive.
- b) Explain Rational Medicine according to S. Close.

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	Logic of homoeopathy according to S. Close. d) Second best remedy by S. Close. The Law Similars according to Kent. f) Materialism in Medicine by Kent.	
	Write short answer (any four out of six): a) Vital Force according to Robert.	(4×5=20)
	b) The law of Cure by Robert.	
	What has Homoeopathy to offer to the young man according to H. R	obert?
	d) Drug potential according to Dr. S. Close. e) Indisposition according to S. Close.	
2	Distinction between cure and recovery according to Stuart Close	(m) (1000) (m) (m) (m)
	LAQ	(40 Marks)
4.	Long answer question (any two out of four):	(2×10=20)
	a) Explain, what precautions should be taken while examining a patient in "Examination of Patient" by S. Close.	
	b) Write about Temperament according to Dr. H. Robert.	
	c) Importance of Record Keeping according to Dr. Kent.	
	d) Throw light on Difficult and Incurable diseases according to Dr. Kent	
A STATE OF THE PARTY OF	ng answer question (any one from Q. No. 5, 6 and 7):	(1×20=20)
5.	a) List Kent's twelve observations. b) Prognosis of first, third and twelfth observation. c) Explain 10 th observation.	
6.	Discuss Robert's view for the following: a) Explain 2 nd prescription? b) Enumerate different 2 nd prescriptions. c) When 2 nd prescription becomes complementary one? d) When we have to consider the change of plan of treatment in 2 nd prescription.	5
7.	Discuss S. Close's view regarding the following:	No.
	a) Subjective Symptom.	5
	b) Objective Symptom.c) Characteristic and Keynote Symptom.	5
	d) Totality of Symptom.	. 5
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