[Total No. of Pages : 2 04803A

## Fourth B.H.M.S. (New) Examination, Summer (Phase - II) 2019 ORGANON OF MEDICINE - I

Total Duration: 3 Hours Total Marks: 100

Instructions: 1) Use blue/black ball point pen only.

- 2) **Do not** write anything on the **blank portion of the question** paper. If written anything, such type of act will be considered as an attempt to resort to unfair means.
- 3) All questions are compulsory.
- 4) The number to the **right** indicates **full** marks.
- 5) Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
- 6) Distribution of syllabus in Question Paper is only meant to cover entire syllabus within the stipulated frame. The Question paper pattern is a mere guideline. Questions can be asked from any paper's syllabus into any question paper. Students cannot claim that the Question is out of syllabus. As it is only for the placement sake, the distribution has been done.
- 1. Write short answer (any ten out of fifteen):

 $[10 \times 2 = 20]$ 

- a) Name two medicinal systems of Indian origin.
- b) State the principles of Chinese system of Medicine.
- c) Define Genus Epidimicus.
- d) Who is known as the Father of Indian Surgery and the Name of his book?
- e) Give 4 advantages of Minimum dose.
- f) Define Concomitant symptom.
- g) Define Modality.
- h) Law of Palliation.
- i) Give two important contributions of Dr.J.T.Kent.
- j) Define General symptom with example.
- k) Define Homoeopathic Aggravation.
- l) Name the four types of Temperaments.
- m) Define Second Prescription.
- n) Indications of Repetation of the first prescription
- o) State two types of Incurable diseases.

2. Write short answer (any four out of six).

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$ 

- a) Explain the system of medicine based on "Knowledge of life".
- b) Contributions of Hippocrates.
- c) Spread of Homoeopathy in India.
- d) Holistic concept of health.
- e) Susceptibility.
- f) Alternating action of Medicine
- 3. Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$ 

- a) Differentiate Isopathy with homoeopathy
- b) Kent's first observation
- c) Explain P Q R S symptoms and its importance.
- d) Explain Homoeopathic concept of cure.
- e) Repetation of the dose
- f) Write a note on Idiosyncrasy.
- 4. Long answer question (any two out of four):

 $[2 \times 10 = 20]$ 

- a) Explain concept of totality of symptoms.
- b) Difference between Antipathy and Allopathy with their limitations.
- c) Explain the conditions where Homoeopathy has its limitations
- d) Homoeopathic approach to prevention of disease.

## Long answer question (any one from Q. No. 5, 6 and 7):

- 5. Explain Ayurveda system of medicine with contributions of Charka and Shushruta.  $[1 \times 20 = 20]$
- 6. Explain Evaluation and Analysis of symptoms according to Hahnemanian, Kentian Boericke's and Boennighausens method.  $[1 \times 20 = 20]$
- 7. Describe second prescription in relation to kents twelve observation.

 $[1 \times 20 = 20]$ 

X X X

[Total No. of Pages: 2

04803B

## Fourth B.H.M.S. (New) Examination, Summer (Phase - II) 2019 ORGANON OF MEDICINE - II

Total Duration: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

Instructions:

- Use blue/black ball point pen only.
- 2) **Do not** write anything on the **blank portion of the question** paper. If written anything, such type of act will be considered as an attempt to resort to unfair means.
- 3) All questions are compulsory.
- 4) The number to the **right** indicates **full** marks.
- 5) Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
- 6) Distribution of syllabus in Question Paper is only meant to cover entire syllabus within the stipulated frame. The Question paper pattern is a mere guideline. Questions can be asked from any paper's syllabus into any question paper. Students cannot claim that the Question is out of syllabus. As it is only for the placement sake, the distribution has been done.
- 1. Write short answer (any ten out of fifteen):

 $[10 \times 2 = 20]$ 

- a) Define Auxiliary symptom with one example.
- b) Define Therapeutic Dose.
- c) State two examples where palliation is appropriate and necessary in Homoeopathy.
- d) Define First Prescription.
- e) Write any two points of Dake's method of Exclusion.
- f) State aphorism number one.
- g) What are the most common reactions explained in Remedy Reaction according to Dr. Robert.
- h) State two examples of Third grade symptom.
- i) Define Susceptibility.
- j) Define Complementary medicine with one example.
- k) Define Life.
- l) Define Characteristic Symptom.
- m) Define Homoeopathic aggravation.
- n) Write Fundamental Law of Repetition for Cure.
- o) Identify Miasm, 'hunger at night and empty all gone sensation in stomach'.

2. Write short answer (any four out of six).

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$ 

- a) Explain Homoeopathy belongs to which School of Philosophy according to Dr. Stuart Close.
- b) Explain The Unity in Medicine according to Dr. Stuart Close.
- c) Explain, 'Simple Substance is Endowed With Formative Intelligence' Dr. J.T.Kent.
- d) Explain Protection from Sickness, according to Dr. J.T. Kent.
- e) Explain Removal of Totality of Symptom means removal of cause.
- f) Explain Psychological Point of View' according to Dr. Stuart Close.
- 3. Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$ 

- a) Explain Indications of Second Best Remedy.
- b) Explain Homoeopathy and Fundamental Laws according to Dr.H.A.Roberts.
- c) Explain Vital Energy in it's Universal Applications.
- d) Explain Our Remedies Why they act.
- e) Explain Toxicological Theory of Disease.
- f) Explain Cure and Recovery according to Stuart Close.
- 4. Long answer question (any two out of four):

 $[2 \times 10 = 20]$ 

- a) Explain Psora a Deficiency, according to Dr.H.A.Roberts.
- b) Explain Second Prescription according to Dr.James T.Kent.
- c) Explain the Concept of Sycosis or Over Construction.
- d) Explain The Scientific Foundation of Potentiation according to Dr. Stuart Close.

## Long answer question (any one from Q. No. 5, 6 and 7):

- 5. Explain in detail, The Examination of Patient according to Dr. James T. Kent.  $[1 \times 20 = 20]$
- 6. Explain the Homoeopathic Therapeutics in the Field of Endocrinology, according to Dr.H.A. Roberts.  $[1 \times 20 = 20]$
- Explain Relation between Susceptibility, Reaction and Immunity according to Dr.Stuart Close. [1 × 20 = 20]

