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44013A

Fourth BHMS (2015) Examination, Winter (Phase - III All Other remaining UG/PG Course) - 2019 ORGANON OF MEDICINE & HOMOEOPATHIC PHILOSOPHY - I

Total Duration: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

Instructions:

- 1) Use blue/black ball point pen only.
- Do not write anything on the blank portion of the question paper.
 If written anything, such type of act will be considered as an attempt to resort to unfair means.
- 3) All questions are compulsory.
- 4) The number to the **right** indicates **full** marks.
- 5) Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
- 6) Distribution of syllabus in Question Paper is only meant to cover entire syllabus within the stipulated frame. The Question paper pattern is a mere guideline. Questions can be asked from any paper's syllabus into any question paper. Students cannot claim that the Question is out of syllabus. As it is only for the placement sake, the distribution has been done.
- 1. Write short answer (any ten out of fifteen):

 $[10 \times 2 = 20]$

- a) Mission of physician
- b) Aude Sapere
- c) Comprehensible Principles
- d) Causa occasionalis
- e) Double complex disease
- f) What happens when two similar disease meet in nature
- g) Sequential method of drug proving
- h) Intercurrent Remedy
- i) Herings Law of Direction of Cure
- j) Value of characteristic Symptoms
- k) High Susceptibility
- l) Paucity of symptoms
- m) Idiosyncracy
- n) Mother Miasm
- o) Local diseases

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2. Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4\times5=20]$

- a) Knowledge of Physician.
- b) Unprejudiced observer.
- c) Suspended animation.
- d) Primary and secondary actions.
- e) Types of acute diseases.
- f) Homoeopathic method of drug proving.
- 3. Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$

- a) Prognostic value of Homoeopathic aggravation.
- b) Accessory symptoms while treating one sided diseases.
- c) Intermittent fever and their types.
- d) Fifty millisimal scale.
- e) Route of administration of drugs.
- f) Mesmerism, Massage, baths.
- 4. Long answer question (any two out of four):

 $[2 \times 10 = 20]$

- a) Explain: Indisposition with examples.
- b) Note on local application.
- c) Classify and write in detail about mental diseases with general management of it.
- d) Comment: Only single simple substance should be administered at one time.

- 5. Explain: Law of dissimilars with precise examples, what happens when two dissimilar natural diseases meet together in one person. $[1 \times 20 = 20]$
- 6. Write a note on Theory of chronic disease and give five symptoms each of Psora, Syphilis and Sycosis. $[1 \times 20 = 20]$
- Define: Second prescription. Explain when the following are given as second prescription-Antidote. Complementary, Placebo. Give importance of second prescription in Homoeopathy. [1 × 20 = 20]



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44013B

Fourth BHMS (2015) Examination, Winter (Phase - III All Other remaining UG/PG Course) - 2019 ORGANON OF MEDICINE & HOMOEOPATHIC PHILOSOPHY - II

Total Duration: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

Instructions:

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- 5) Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
- 6) Distribution of syllabus in Question Paper is only meant to cover entire syllabus within the stipulated frame. The Question paper pattern is a mere guideline. Questions can be asked from any paper's syllabus into any question paper. Students cannot claim that the Question is out of syllabus. As it is only for the placement sake, the distribution has been done.
- 1. Write short answer (any ten out of fifteen):

 $[10 \times 2 = 20]$

- a) Define Miasm
- b) Define chronic Diseases
- c) Skin of psora
- d) Syphilitic stigma
- e) Sphere of action of Tubercular miasm
- f) Fundamental cause of disease
- g) Miasma according to Dr. Close
- h) Law of quality.
- i) Spiritual sickness
- j) Latent psora symptoms
- k) Primary symptom of Syphilis and its venereal transmission
- l) Constitution of sycosis
- m) Types of schools of philosophy
- n) Sycosis overconstruction according to Dr. Roberts
- o) The scope of Homoeopathy

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2. Write short answer (any four out of six):

Discovery of Hornoeopathy $[4 \times 5 = 20]$

- a) Write in short about discovery of Theory of Chronic diseases
- b) What has homoeopathy to offer to young man
- c) The psychological point of view
- d) Write in short about Tubercular Miasm
- e) Theory of chronic disease
- f) The knowledge of disease

3. Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$

- a) The selection of similar remedy
- b) Evolution of psora according to Dr. Kent
- c) Psora as deficiency
- d) Temperaments
- e) Concept of life, health and disease
- f) Venereal miasm sycosis according to Dr. Kent.

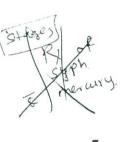
4. Long answer question (any two out of four):

 $[2 \times 10 = 20]$

- a) Give important features of constitution and respitatory complaints of pseudopsora according to Dr. Allen
- b) Explain scope and limitations of Homoeopathy according to Dr. Stuart Close along with Dake's prepositions
- c) Explain deflected current according to Roberts
- d) Explain syphilitic miasm according to dr Hahnemann

- 5. Explain role of vital force in Health. Disease. Recovery and Cure by Dr. Roberts. $[1 \times 20 = 20]$
- 6. Write in detail Homoeopathy the science of the apeutics according to Dr. Dunham. $[1 \times 20 = 20]$
- 7. Write in detail about general pathology of Homoeopathy according to Stuart close. $[1 \times 20 = 20]$





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04803A

Fourth BHMS (New) Examination, Winter (Phase - III All Other remaining UG/PG Course) - 2019 ORGANON OF MEDICINE - I

Total Duration: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

Instructions: 1)

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- 1. Write short answer (any ten out of fifteen):

 $[10 \times 2 = 20]$

- a) Who was Avicenna?
- b) How was Homoeopathy introduced in India?
- c) Define Host and Agent.
- d) Define Health.
- e) What is Susceptibility?
- f) Define Totality of Symptoms.
- g) Differentiate between Drug, Medicine and Remedy.
- h) What is the Modus Operandi of Law of Similars?
- i) What are the advantages of Antipathy?
- j) What are the different types of Characteristic symptoms?
- k) Define Suppression.
- l) What is 'protection from sickness'?
- m) What is Kent's ninth observation?
- n) What are Cognates?
- o) What is temperament?

04803A

2. Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4 \times 5 = 20]$

- a) Contributions of Hippocrates.
- b) Rajendralal Dutta.
- c) What are the contributions of Aristotle.
- d) Simple Substance.
- e) Sources of Totality of symptoms.
- f) Role of environment on Psychosomatic illnesses.

3. Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4\times5=20]$

- a) Vital Force in disease.
- b) Physical Generals.
- c) Brousseau's Method.
- d) Antidote.
- e) Killer's aggravation.
- f) Routes of Administration of drugs.

4. Long answer question (any two out of four):

 $[2\times10=20]$

- a) What are the various dimensions of Health?
- b) What is the use of Totality of Symptoms?
- c) What are the advantages and disadvantages of isopathy?
- d) What are the Limitations of Homoeopathy?

- 5. What is Chinese Medicine. What are its principles and methods of treatment. Who are its pioneers? $[1 \times 20 = 20]$
- 6. What is a Complete symptom? What is the importance of Location, modality and concomittant? $[1 \times 20 = 20]$
- 7. What are the different types of Second Prescription? What are the indications of repetition of remedy and change of remedy and potency? $[1 \times 20 = 20]$



[Total No. of Pages: 2 04803B

Fourth BHMS (New) Examination, Winter (Phase - III All Other remaining UG/PG Course) - 2019 ORGANON OF MEDICINE - II

Total Duration: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

Instructions: 1)

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- 1. Write short answer (any ten out of fifteen):

 $[10\times2=20]$

- a) Define Health.
- b) What is deflected current?
- c) What is cognate remedy?
- d) Define Substantialism.
- e) Kent's 8th Observation.
- f) Define Remedy.
- g) Two examples of exciting causes.
- h) Second best remedy according to Stuart Close.
- i) Importance of record keeping.
- j) What is theoretic medicine?
- k) What is meant by indisposition?
- l) Qualities of Prover.
- m) Charecteristic symptoms.
- n) Donts of Case taking.
- o) Define complete symptom.

2. Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4\times5=20]$

- a) Explain Kent's concept of "Sick".
- b) Homoeopathic fundamental law according to Dr. H.A. Robert.
- c) Explain Genius of Homoeopathy according to Stuart Close.
- d) Explain Materialism in medicine according to Dr. Kent.
- e) Logic of Homoeopathy according to Stuart Close.
- f) Law of Similars.
- 3. Write short answer (any four out of six):

 $[4\times5=20]$

- a) What has Homoeopathy to offer to the young man according to H.A. Robert?
- b) What is the difference between cure and Recovery according to Stuart Close.
- c) Explain susceptibility, reaction and immunity according to Stuart Close.
- d) Vital force as expressed in Health, Disease and recovery according to H.A. Robert.
- e) State school of philosophy according to Stuart Close and explain them.
- f) Explain the Law of Cure by H.A.Robert.
- 4. Long answer question (any two out of four):

 $[2 \times 10 = 20]$

- a) Describe drug potential in detail according to Stuart Close.
- b) Describe Local application in detail.
- c) Describe Homoeopathy posology according to Stuart Close.
- d) Explain Remedy reaction according to H.A. Robert.

- 5. Enumerate and explain Kent's twelve observation in detail. $[1 \times 20 = 20]$
- 6. Define disease classification according to Dr.H.A. Robert. $[1 \times 20 = 20]$
- 7. Describe Posology according to Stuart Close. $[1 \times 20 = 20]$

